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#### **DESCRIPTION**

# SECURITY COMMUNICATION PACKET PROCESSING APPARATUS AND THE METHOD THEREOF

#### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

### (1) Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a security communication packet processing apparatus for secret communication by a data packet and the method therefor, and more specifically relates to a technique for speeding up and reducing delay in security ensuring processing.

## (2) Description of the Prior Art

As a TCP/IP network such as Internet has rapidly become widespread in these years, various manners of net businesses such as an electronic music distribution and shopping on the Web have been spotlighted and developed one after another. Although it is the major premise of these kinds of net businesses that a secure and credible business is guaranteed between a service provider and a user, Internet is generally considered to be an insecure network because it is always at risk of interception and pretence by a cracker. So network security techniques such as electronic authentication, and encryption of communication data and a firewall come into the picture. Although these techniques have been realized mainly by software, a demand for a high-speed processing by hardware such as a cipher processing chip and a cipher circuit board has been increased in preparation for future broader band of communication channels in TCP/IP infrastructures.

In a computer or a network connection device having a security communication function such as IPSec (IP Security

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Protocol Suite), conventional processing for a packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing is performed as shown in a flowchart of Fig. 1. a packet (such as an IP packet) that requires encryption processing (Step 701), after a plaintext packet is first divided into data blocks for the encryption processing (Step 702) and the encryption processing of these data blocks is performed (Step 703), they are reconstructed as an encrypted packet (Step 704). Next, when the packet requires authentication processing (Step 705), after the encrypted packet is divided into data blocks for the authentication processing (Step 706) and the authentication processing of these data blocks is (Step 707), they are reconstructed performed authentication-processed packet (Step 708).

However, according to the above-mentioned method, packet construction processing needs to be performed twice (Step 704 and Step 708 in Fig. 1) for the packet that requires both encryption processing and the authentication processing. Therefore, there is a problem of speeding down of processing, decrease of throughput and ineffective use of an encryption processing unit or an authentication processing unit when both the encryption processing and the authentication processing are performed. Also, according to this method, there is a problem that a plaintext packet that should be processed by priority can not be processed by priority during the processing of another packet. Further, when only one encryption processing unit and authentication processing unit are respectively mounted, there is a problem that it is impossible to realize high-speed throughput by simultaneous processing of plural packets.

# **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

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It is accordingly a first object of the present invention, in the light of the above-mentioned problems, to provide a security communication packet processing apparatus that makes it possible to speed up processing, reduce delay of the processing, increase throughput and use the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit effectively when both the encryption processing and the authentication processing are performed.

Also, the second object of the present invention is to provide a security communication packet processing apparatus that makes it possible to perform at least one of the encryption (or decryption) processing and the authentication processing for plural packets simultaneously and in parallel.

Further, the third object of the present invention is to provide a security communication packet processing apparatus with high processing efficiency that makes it possible to perform the processing by using only a required processing unit corresponding to a packet type among one or more encryption processing units and authentication processing units.

Further, the fourth object of the present invention is to provide a security communication packet processing apparatus that makes it possible to control the priority processing of a packet for the encryption (including decryption) processing and the authentication processing.

The above-mentioned first object may be achieved by the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the present invention that is a network connection device or a computer having the security communication function comprising an encryption processing unit for processing a data block for encryption processing, an authentication processing unit for processing a data block for authentication processing, and an encryption and authentication processing control unit

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for outputting the data block for the encryption processing and the information necessary for the encryption processing to the encryption processing unit, outputting the data block for the authentication processing and the information necessary for the authentication processing to the authentication processing unit, and controlling the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit, wherein the data blocks which processed in the encryption processing accumulated until the accumulated amount thereof reaches the smallest data block size for the authentication processing, a data block accumulation unit that outputs the accumulated amount to the authentication processing unit when it reaches the smallest data block size for the authentication processing is comprised, the encryption processing unit performs the processing of the data block for the next encryption processing while the authentication processing unit is processing the data block outputted from the data block accumulation unit, and the data block accumulation unit accumulates the data block for the next authentication processing. As a result, by making the data block necessary and sufficient for the encryption processing or the authentication processing a processing unit for the packet requiring the encryption processing and the authentication processing, the processing delay is reduced and the throughput is improved, and the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit can effectively used.

The above-mentioned second object may be achieved by the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the present invention, wherein the number of at least one of the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit is two or more, and the number of the data block accumulation unit is equal to that of the encryption processing unit. As a result, plural packets can be

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processed in parallel, and the security processing with high throughput can be realized.

The above-mentioned third object may be achieved by the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the present invention comprising a data path connection switching unit that, according to the processing command of the encryption and authentication processing control unit, connects the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit and the input of the encryption processing unit when the data block outputted from the encryption and authentication processing control unit is the data block for the encryption processing, connects the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit and the input of the authentication processing unit when the data block outputted from the encryption and authentication processing control unit is the data block for the authentication processing, connects the output of the encryption processing unit and the input of the data block accumulation unit when the data block processed in the encryption processing unit further requires the authentication processing, and connects the output of the data block accumulation unit and the input of the authentication processing unit when the data accumulated in the data block accumulation unit is ready for being outputted. As a result, since the encryption processing unit, the data block accumulation unit and the authentication processing unit do not always need to correspond to each other one on one even when there are plural encryption processing units and/or the authentication processing units, the data block requiring the authentication processing after the encryption processing can be outputted to arbitrary data block accumulation unit, and the output of the data block accumulation unit can be outputted to arbitrary authentication processing unit. Therefore, the

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encryption processing unit, the data block accumulation unit and the authentication processing unit can be used more effectively, and the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit can be easily replaced and the number of them can be easily increased.

The above-mentioned fourth object may be achieved by the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the present invention, wherein, according to the instructions of the encryption and authentication processing control unit, a processing data saving unit for temporarily saving the data block processed in the encryption processing unit or the authentication processing unit and the data block accumulated in the data block accumulation unit along with the information on the data block is provided in a part of or all of the encryption processing unit, the authentication processing unit and the data block accumulation unit separately. As a result, the packet can be processed according to the priority.

Also, in the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the present invention, the processing data saving unit for temporarily saving the data block processed in the encryption processing unit authentication processing unit and the data block accumulated in the data block accumulation unit along with the information on the data block according to the instructions of the encryption and authentication processing unit may be provided in common to an arbitrary combination of the encryption processing unit, the authentication processing unit and the data block accumulation unit. As a result, since arbitrary encryption processing unit, authentication processing unit or data block accumulation unit connected to the processing data saving unit can use the one and common processing data unit, and arbitrary encryption processing saving

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authentication processing unit or data block accumulation unit connected to the processing data saving unit can restart the processing of the data block in the middle of the processing in the processing data saving unit, the above-mentioned fourth object can be achieved in a structure different from that of the above-mentioned security communication packet processing apparatus.

Here, in the above-mentioned security communication packet processing apparatus, the data block for the encryption processing can be 64 bits, and the data block for the authentication processing can be 512 bits. In this case, the data block accumulation unit may output the data blocks when it accumulates eight encrypted data blocks.

Note that the present invention can be realized as the security communication packet processing methods in which the characteristic control units of the above-mentioned security communication packet processing apparatus are processing steps, or as the program for making a computer perform these processing steps. And, the program can, of course, be distributed via a recording medium such as CD-ROM or a transmitting medium such as a communication network.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

These and other objects, advantages and features of the invention will become apparent from the following description thereof taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings which illustrate a specific embodiment of the invention. In the Drawings:

Fig. 1 is a flowchart showing a conventional processing procedure for a packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing a structure of a security

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communication packet processing apparatus according to the first embodiment of the present invention.

- Fig. 3 is diagram describing control of data path in an encryption and authentication processing control unit.
- Fig. 4A is a block diagram showing an example of a detailed structure of an encryption processing unit.
- Fig. 4B is a diagram showing an example of the encryption (or the decryption) processing in a block encryption unit as shown in Fig. 4A.
- Fig. 5A is a data flow diagram showing a function of a data block accumulation unit.
- Fig. 5B is a flowchart showing a processing procedure in the data block accumulation unit.
- Fig. 6A is a block diagram showing an example of a detailed structure of an authentication processing unit.
- Fig. 6B is a diagram showing an outline of hash processing in a hash circuit as shown in Fig. 6A.
- Fig. 7 is a diagram showing an operation timing of the encryption processing in the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing in the authentication processing unit.
- Fig. 8 is a diagram showing an example of an application to a product of the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the first embodiment of the present invention.
- Fig. 9A is a functional block diagram showing a structure of a security gateway as shown in Fig. 8.
- Fig. 9B shows a protocol stack indicating the communication functions of the security gateway.
- Fig. 10 is a block diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the second embodiment of the present invention.

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- Fig. 11 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing apparatus.
- Fig. 12 is a block diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the third embodiment of the present invention.
- Fig. 13 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing unit.
- Fig. 14 is a block diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention.
- Fig. 15 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing apparatus.
- Fig. 16 is a block diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention.
- Fig. 17 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing apparatus.
- Fig. 18 is a block diagram of the security communication packet processing apparatus as an example of the variation.

# **DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

The following is an explanation of the embodiments of the present invention with reference to figures.

First, the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the first embodiment of the present invention will be explained.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing a structure of a security communication packet processing apparatus 100 according to the first embodiment of the present invention. The security communication packet processing apparatus 100 according to the first embodiment performs in a block unit the encryption (including decryption) processing and the authentication

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processing required for a packet such as an inputted IP packet, reconstructs it as a packet and outputs it. The security communication packet processing apparatus 100 characterized by having an essential and fundamental structure that can complete both the encryption (including decryption) processing and the authentication processing by only one packet reconstruction processing, and comprises four circuit blocks which are connected in a fixed manner, that is, an encryption and authentication processing control unit 101, an encryption processing unit 102, a data block accumulation unit 103 and an authentication processing unit 104, and a packet construction unit 105.

Note that, according to this embodiment, packets that are inputted to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 are classified into four types according to the processing types which should be performed to the packets. The first type is a packet (a transmitting packet) which requires both the encryption processing and the authentication processing, the second type is a packet (a receiving packet) which requires both the decryption processing and the authentication processing, the third type is a packet which requires either the encryption processing or the decryption processing, and the fourth type is a packet which requires the authentication processing only.

The encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 receives a packet which should be processed from outside and information required for the processing of the packet (hereinafter referred to as "processing information"), and based on the processing information, performs control of other components  $102\sim105$  (that is, control of them to operate ON/Off, etc.), and control of determining the data path. Further, it divides a packet into data blocks for the encryption

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processing (or decryption processing) of B1 (64, for example) bit length as a processing unit of the encryption processing unit 102, so as to output them including the processing information thereof to the encryption processing unit 102, and divides a packet into data blocks for the authentication processing of B2 (512, for example) bit length as a processing unit of the authentication processing unit 104 so as to output them including the processing information thereof to the authentication processing unit 104.

"Processing information" here includes whether the encryption processing is to be performed or not, whether the authentication processing is to be performed or not, and which processing is performed, the encryption processing or the decryption processing. When the encryption processing is to be performed, it includes algorithm, key information and IV (Initial Vector), and when the authentication processing is to be performed, it includes algorithm, and necessary information and an authentication value. Note that the cipher algorithm includes DES (Data Encryption Standard) and 3DES. Also, the authentication algorithm includes HMAC-MD5-96 and HMAC-SHA-1-96. Further, since a packet and its processing information are corresponded to each other by an identification number, etc., a mechanism is guaranteed not to confuse plural packets when they are inputted in sequence to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101.

Fig. 3 is diagram describing control of data path in the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101. When the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 determines, based on the processing information, that a corresponded packet is a transmitting packet of the first type as mentioned above, that is, a packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing, it

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controls the components 102~105 respectively so that a data flow is formed as shown in the data path diagram 111 of Fig. 3. In other words, the encryption processing by the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing by the authentication processing unit 104 are sequentially performed to the packet in a unit of a data block, and the result of the authentication processing (the authentication value) is inputted to the packet construction unit 105, as well as the result of the encryption processing unit 102 (the encrypted data block) is inputted to the packet construction unit 105.

Also, when the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 determines that a packet is a receiving packet of the second type as mentioned above, that is, a packet that both decryption processing and authentication processing, it controls the components 102~105 respectively so that a data flow is formed as shown in the data path diagram 112 of Fig. 3. In other words, the decryption processing by the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing by the authentication processing unit 104 are performed in parallel to the packet in a unit of a data block, and these results (that is, the decrypted data block and the authentication value) are inputted to the packet construction unit 105.

Also, when the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 determines that a packet is the third type, that is, a packet that requires either encryption processing or decryption processing, it controls the components  $102 \sim 105$  respectively so that a data flow is formed as shown in the data path diagram 113 of Fig. 3. In other words, the encryption processing or the decryption processing by the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing by the

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authentication processing unit 104 are performed in parallel to the packet in a unit of a data block, and the these results (that is, the encrypted or the decrypted data block and the authentication value) are inputted to the packet construction unit 105.

Further, when the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 determines that a packet is the fourth type, that is, a packet that requires the authentication processing only, it controls the components  $102\sim105$  so that a data flow is formed as shown in the data path diagram 114 of Fig. 3. In other words, the packet is forwarded to the packet construction unit 105, as well as the authentication processing by the authentication processing unit 104 is performed to the packet in a unit of a data block, and the result (that is, the authentication value) is inputted to the packet construction unit 105.

The encryption processing unit 102, which is a circuit or the like that performs the block encryption and decryption according to the cipher algorithm such as a DES and 3DES, performs the encryption processing to a data block for encryption (or decryption) processing of B1 bits transmitted from the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 in a predetermined number of steps (a clock cycle), and outputs the result to the data block accumulation unit 103 or the packet construction unit 105 as the encrypted (or decrypted) data block.

Fig. 4A is a block diagram showing an example of a detailed structure of the encryption processing unit 102. The encryption processing unit 102 comprises an input block buffer 121 which stores an inputted data block for the encryption (or decryption) processing of B1 bits, a block encryption unit 122 which performs the block encryption (and decryption) and the

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processing of the key for the block encryption (and decryption), and an output block buffer 123 which stores the result of the encryption (or decryption) processing (that is, the encrypted (or the decrypted) data block of B1 bits).

Fig. 4B is a diagram showing an example of the encryption (or the decryption) processing in the block encryption unit 122 as shown in Fig. 4A. To a data block of B1 bits outputted from the input block buffer 121, fixed bit replacement (initial replacement), then scramble processing of 16 rounds determined by a key, and finally fixed bit replacement (final replacement) are performed. A secret key of K1 bits included in the processing information transmitted from the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 is divided into 16 partial keys of K2 bits after certain processing for creating a schedule key is performed, and is used to take an exclusive OR with a data block in each corresponding scramble processing and to determine processing details of bit replacement.

The data block accumulation unit 103 is a queue buffer or the like that accumulates encrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102, and outputs the data of B2 bits to the authentication processing unit 104 as a data block for the authentication processing when the accumulated amount reaches that of the data block (B2 bits) to which the authentication processing can be performed by the authentication processing unit 104.

Fig. 5A is a data flow diagram showing a function of the data block accumulation unit 103. Here, the bit length B2 of the data block for the authentication processing which is inputted to the authentication processing unit 104 is n times of the bit length B1 of the encrypted data block which is outputted from the encryption processing unit 102. Fig. 5B is a flowchart

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showing a processing procedure in the data block accumulation unit 103. The data block accumulation unit 103, which is realized in a register file of B1 bit width with a counter, for example, repeats the processing (Steps 131~134) of resetting the counter (Step 131), accumulating encrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102 (Steps 132 and 133), and when the number of the data blocks reaches n (Step 133), outputting n encrypted data blocks to the authentication processing unit 104 as parallel data of B2 bits, for example (Step 134).

The authentication unit 104, which is a circuit or the like that performs the authentication processing (that is, the processing including calculation of ICV (Integrity Check Value) and verification of its integrity), according to the authentication algorithm such as HMAC-MD5-96 and HMAC-SHA-1-96, etc., performs the authentication processing to the data blocks of B2 bits for the authentication processing transmitted from the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 or the data block accumulation unit 103 in a predetermined number of steps (a clock cycle), and outputs the result as the authentication value to the packet construction unit 105.

Fig. 6A is a block diagram showing an example of a detailed structure of the authentication processing unit 104. The authentication processing unit 104 comprises an input block buffer 141 that stores an inputted data block of B2 bits for the authentication processing, a hash circuit 142 that calculates a hash value of A (96, for example) bits for m pieces of data blocks for the authentication processing which constitutes one packet by performing certain hash processing to the data block for the authentication processing transmitted from the input block buffer 141, and an authentication value output buffer 143 that stores the calculated hash value as the

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authentication value.

Fig. 6B is a diagram showing an outline of the hash processing in the hash circuit 142 as shown in Fig. 6A. The data block of B2 bits inputted to the input block buffer 141 is processed in a certain manner based on the authentication value of A1 bits which is stored by the hash circuit 142 at that time so as to update the authentication value of A1 bits. The data block of B2 bits inputted next is processed in a certain manner based on the hash value of A1 bits which is just previously updated so as to further update the authentication value of A1 bits which is stored by the hash circuit 142. This processing is repeated, and a part of the hash value of A1 bits which was updated for the last data block of B2 bits is used as the authentication value of A2 bits for this packet.

The packet construction unit 105 lines up the encrypted (or decrypted) data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102 in a certain order according to the processing information or the like which is informed from the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 so as to accumulate them, and constructs a processed packet corresponding to one packet inputted to the encryption and authentication processing unit 101 by incorporating the authentication value outputted from the authentication processing unit 104 into a predetermined location. specifically, for a transmitting packet of the first type as mentioned above, an encrypted and authentication-processed packet in a predetermined format is reconstructed accumulating the encrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102 as well as incorporating the authentication value outputted from the authentication processing unit 104. For a receiving packet of the second type as mentioned above, a decrypted and authentication-processed

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data block is reconstructed according to a predetermined format by accumulating the decrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102. Likewise, for the third type packet, an encrypted (or decrypted) packet in a predetermined format is reconstructed by accumulating the encrypted (or decrypted) data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102, and for the fourth type packet, a packet inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 is constructed as authentication-processed packet according to a predetermined format.

Note that reconstruction of an encrypted data block includes reconstruction for a cipher payload prescribed by IPSec (ESP: Encapsulating Security Payload) in a format corresponding to a tunnel mode and a transport mode. Similarly, reconstruction of an authentication value includes reconstruction for an authentication header prescribed by IPSec (AH: Authentication Header) in a format corresponding to a tunnel mode and a transport mode. Packet types such as Ipv4 and Ipv6 are included, for example.

Next, the operation of the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 according to this embodiment as structured above will be explained respectively in the cases that the above-mentioned four types of packets are inputted.

First, the processing process in the case that the first type packet, that is, a packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 (the processing process corresponding to the data path diagram 111 in Fig. 3) will be explained.

As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 receives a packet which should be

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processed and the processing information thereof. The encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 judges from the processing information that the packet is a transmitting packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing, divides the packet into data blocks for the encryption processing, and sequentially transmits them along with the processing information thereof to the encryption processing unit 102.

As the second step, the encryption processing unit 102 receives the processing information and the data blocks for the encryption processing from the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101, determines from the processing information a cipher algorithm, a key, an IV and an encryption processing method which should be applied to the data block, and encrypts the data blocks for the encryption processing according to the processing method. Note that this may be realized so that plural cipher algorithms can be processed in the encryption processing unit 102. The encrypted data blocks are outputted to the packet construction unit 105 and, at the same time, outputted to the data block accumulation unit 103 along with the processing information necessary for the authentication processing for the following authentication processing. Note that the encryption processing unit 102 performs the processing repeatedly every time the next data block for the encryption processing is inputted.

As the third step, the data block accumulation unit 103 successively accumulates the data blocks for the encryption processing outputted from the encryption processing unit 102 until they reaches the data block size necessary for the authentication processing, and when they reaches the data block size necessary for the authentication processing, it outputs them along with the processing information thereof to

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the authentication processing unit 104. The data block accumulation unit 103 judges the accumulation status of whether the accumulated amount of the encrypted data blocks is equal to the data block size for the authentication by counting the amount by using an accumulated block counter or the like that the data block accumulation unit 103 has. Note that this may be realized in the method that the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 has the accumulated block counter.

The data block accumulation unit 103 accumulates the next encrypted data block every time it is inputted, repeats judgment of whether the number of the data blocks reaches n pieces, and when it reaches n, outputs the accumulated data blocks to the authentication processing unit 104.

As the fourth step, the authentication processing unit 104 receives the encrypted data blocks for the authentication processing and the processing information thereof from the data block accumulation unit 103, performs the authentication processing according to the processing information, and calculates the authentication value. The output value of the authentication processing unit 104 is the authentication value of the packet which is now being processed.

The first through fourth steps as mentioned above are repeatedly applied to all the data blocks that require both encryption processing and authentication processing among transmitting packets that require both encryption processing and authentication processing.

Finally, as the fifth step, the packet construction unit 105 constructs and encrypted and authentication-processed packet corresponding to one packet inputted to the encryption an authentication processing control unit 101 by lining up the encrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption

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processing unit 102 in a predetermined order so as to accumulate them and incorporating the authentication value outputted from the authentication processing unit 104 into a predetermined location.

Fig. 7 is a diagram showing an operation timing of the encryption processing in the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing in the authentication processing unit 104. Here, one packet is divided into m x n pieces of data blocks for the encryption processing, and n pieces of data blocks for the encryption processing (the encrypted data blocks) correspond to one data block for the authentication processing. Therefore, one packet is divided into m pieces of data blocks for the authentication processing.

As shown in Fig. 7, encrypted data blocks to which the processing is performed in the encryption encryption processing unit 102 are accumulated in the data block accumulation unit 103 one by one. When n pieces of encrypted data blocks are accumulated in the data block accumulation unit 103, n pieces of these encrypted data blocks are taken from the data block accumulation unit 103 and transferred to the authentication processing unit 104, where the authentication processing is performed to them as the first data block for authentication processing. In this way, the encryption processing and the authentication processing are repeated in parallel. As a result, the encryption processing is performed to this one transmitting packet m x n times, and the authentication processing is performed m times. Note that since the length, encryption and authentication algorithms and others of the transmitting packet which is to be inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 are not fixed, the number of times of the encryption processing and the authentication processing can be dynamically determined

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based on the processing information accompanying to the packet.

Next, the processing process in the case that the second type packet, that is, a receiving packet that requires both decryption processing and authentication processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 (the processing process corresponding to the data path diagram 112 in Fig. 3) will be explained.

As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 receives a packet which should be processed and the processing information thereof. The encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 judges from the processing information that the packet is a receiving packet that requires both decryption processing and authentication processing, duplicates the packet. And then, it divides one packet into data blocks for the decryption processing as a packet for the decryption processing and outputs them along with the processing information thereof to the encryption processing unit 102, and divides another packet into data blocks for the authentication processing and outputs them along with the processing information thereof to the authentication processing unit 104.

As the second step, the following two types of processing are performed in parallel. As the first processing, the encryption processing unit 102 decrypts the received data blocks based on the processing information thereof, and outputs them to the packet construction unit 105. As the second processing, the authentication processing unit 104 performs the authentication processing to the received data blocks for authentication processing, and calculates the authentication value.

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The above-mentioned first and second steps are repeatedly applied to all the data blocks that require both decryption processing and authentication processing among the receiving packets that require both the decryption processing and the authentication processing.

Finally, as the third step, the packet construction unit 105 lines up the decrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102 in a predetermined order to accumulate them according to the processing information which is informed by the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101, as well as it incorporates the authentication value outputted from the authentication processing unit 104 into a predetermined location so as to construct a decrypted and authentication-processed packet corresponding to one packet inputted to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101.

Next, the processing process in the case that the third type packet, that is, a packet that requires the encryption processing or the decryption processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 (the processing process corresponding to the data path diagram 113 in Fig. 3) will be explained in detail.

As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 receives a packet which should be processed and the processing information thereof. The encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 judges from the processing information that the packet is a packet that requires the decryption processing or the decryption processing, divides it into data blocks for the encryption processing, and outputs them along with the processing information thereof to the encryption processing unit 102.

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As the second step, the encryption processing unit 102 receives the data blocks for encryption processing and the processing information thereof, performs the encryption processing or the decryption processing according to the processing information, and outputs them to the packet construction unit 105 as processed data blocks.

The above-mentioned first and second steps are repeatedly applied to all the data blocks that require the encryption processing or the decryption processing among the packets that require either the encryption processing or the decryption processing.

Finally, as the third step, the packet construction unit 105 lines up the encryption (or decryption)-processed data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 102 in a predetermined order to accumulate them according to the processing information which is informed by the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101, as well as it constructs an encryption (or decryption)-processed packet corresponding to one packet inputted to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101.

Next, the processing process in the case that the fourth type packet, that is, a packet that requires both authentication processing only is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 (the processing process corresponding to the data path diagram 114 in Fig. 3) will be explained.

As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 receives a packet which should be processed and the processing information thereof. The encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 judges from the processing information that the packet is a packet that requires the authentication processing only, divides

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it into data blocks for the authentication processing, and outputs them along with the processing information thereof to the authentication processing unit 104.

As the second step, the authentication processing unit 104 receives the data blocks for the authentication processing and the processing information thereof, performs the authentication processing according to the processing information, and calculates the authentication value.

The above-mentioned first and second steps are repeatedly applied to all the data blocks that require the authentication processing among the packets that require the authentication processing only.

Finally as the third step, the packet construction unit 105 incorporates the authentication value outputted from the authentication processing unit 104 into the packet inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 according to the processing information that is informed by the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 so as to construct an authentication-processed packet corresponding to one packet inputted to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101.

As mentioned above, according to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 of this embodiment, a packet which was inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 is judged to be which type of the packet among four types, divided into data blocks of a required size, and encrypted (or decrypted) and authenticated so as to be restored to a processed packet by only one packet reconstruction.

In other words, conventionally, encryption processing is first performed to a transmitting packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing to

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construct it as an encrypted packet, and then it is again divided into data blocks for the authentication processing to be authenticated, so the packet needs to be constructed twice after the encryption processing and the authentication processing, and the authentication processing unit 104 must wait until the encrypted data blocks are reconstructed as a packet. On the other hand, according to this embodiment, the data block accumulation unit 103 is provided between the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing unit 104 so that data blocks of a size necessary and sufficient for the processing are always inputted to the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing unit 104, and the divided packet is reconstructed only once for any security processing. That is, since the data block accumulation unit 103 accumulates encrypted data blocks until they reach a size of data blocks required for the authentication processing, and outputs them authentication processing unit 104, an input waiting time for the authentication processing unit 104 is more drastically the conventional method. Accordingly, reduced than improvement of throughput, reduction of delay and speeding up of the security processing of the packet as well as an effective use of the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit become possible.

Fig. 8 is a diagram showing an example of an application to a product of the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 according to the first embodiment of the present invention. Here, an appearance of a security gateway 160 which functions as a router and a fire wall is illustrated. The security gateway 160 is a communication apparatus that securely interconnects WAN 161 which is a public communication network such as Internet and LAN 162 which is

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a private communication network connecting plural computers and others for in-house use. More specifically, this security gateway 160 is, for example, a gateway at an IP level corresponding to the IPSec specifications disclosed in Request For Comments  $2401 \sim 2410$  published by IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force). To an IP packet outputted from the LAN 162 to the WAN 161, the encryption processing and the authentication processing, the encryption processing only, or the authentication processing only are performed according to need, while to an IP packet outputted from the WAN 161 to the LAN 62, the decryption processing and the authentication processing only, or the the decryption processing, authentication processing only are performed, so as to connect plural communication apparatus via the WAN 161 through a secure communication path which can eliminate a fraud practice such as interception or pretence by a third party.

Fig. 9A is a functional block diagram showing a structure of the security gateway 160 as shown in Fig. 8, and shows a protocol stack indicating the communication functions of the security gateway 160. The security gateway 160 comprises the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 of this embodiment which is realized by an LSI or the like, a WAN interface 165 which is a communication interface connected to the WAN 161, a LAN interface 166 which is a communication interface connected to the LAN 162, and a network controller 167 that converts data inputted and outputted via these two interfaces 165 and 166 according to the protocol stack as shown in Fig. 9B, and controls the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 to perform the encryption (or the decryption) processing and the authentication processing to an IP packet.

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communication via Internet. Communication speed and security of an Internet phone requiring real time communication, an interactive communication such as an electronic settlement and distribution of a digital work such as a moving image, for example, are dramatically improved.

Note that, according to the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 of this embodiment, a transfer of data between each component and a data path are determined and controlled under the control of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101, but instead of this or in addition to this, a transfer of data among the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101, the encryption processing unit 102, the data block accumulation unit 103 and the authentication processing unit 104 may be realized, for example, by two-way hand-shaking between each processing unit.

Also, the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 of this embodiment may be realized by an LSI and an FPGA (Field Programmable Gate-Array), or the encryption processing unit 102 and the authentication processing unit 104 may be realized by a DSP (Digital Signal Processor).

Further, although the data block accumulation unit 103 is provided independently of the authentication processing unit 104 in this embodiment, the present invention is not always limited to this structure, and the data block accumulation unit 103 may be realized in the manner that it is included in the authentication processing unit 104.

Next, the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the second embodiment of the present invention will be explained.

Fig. 10 is a block diagram showing a structure of the

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security communication packet processing apparatus 200 according to the second embodiment of the present invention. The security communication packet processing apparatus 200 of this embodiment is an example of an apparatus that has two or more encryption processing units and/or authentication processing units, and has the same number of the data block accumulation units as that of the encryption processing units. Here, the second embodiment has a structure in which a pair of combinations of one encryption processing unit, one data block accumulation unit and one authentication processing unit (hereinafter as referred to "a packet processing module") are arranged in parallel, that is, a structure corresponding to two units of the security communication packet processing apparatus 100 according to the first embodiment. More specifically, the security communication packet processing apparatus 200 comprises the packet processing module including an encryption processing unit 202a, a data block accumulation unit 203a, an authentication processing unit 203a and a packet construction unit 205a, the packet processing module including an encryption processing unit 202b, a data block accumulation unit 203b, an authentication processing unit 204b and a packet construction unit 205b, and an encryption and authentication processing control unit 201.

Note that the encryption processing units 202a, 202b, the data block accumulation units 203a, 203b, authentication processing units 204a, 204b, and the packet construction units 205a, 205b have the same functions as the encryption processing unit 102, the data block accumulation unit 103, the authentication unit 104 and the packet construction unit 105 according to the first embodiment, Further, ID numbers are allocated to the respectively. encryption processing units 202a, 202b, the authentication

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processing units 204a, 204b and the data block accumulation units 203a, 203b respectively so as to identify them uniquely. The second embodiment, particularly the points different from the first embodiment, will be explained as follows.

The encryption and authentication processing control unit 201 has a control function to use effectively two pairs of packet processing modules as resources in addition to the functions of the encryption and authentication processing unit 101 of the first embodiment. More specifically, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 201 keeps track of the processing status such as whether respective processing units 202a~205a and 202b~205b are performing processing (BUSY) or are ready for processing (READY) by receiving BUSY signals indicating that they are performing processing and READY signals indicating that they are ready for processing from respective processing units. Here, when both of the two encryption processing units 202a and 202b are ready for processing, the encryption processing unit with the smallest ID number is used by priority. The same applies to when the two authentication processing units are ready for processing at the same time.

However, when the encryption processing is performed to a transmitting packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing, in the encryption processing unit 202b, for example, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 201 controls so that the encrypted data blocks outputted from the encryption processing unit 202b are inputted to the authentication processing unit 204b after they are accumulated in the data block accumulation unit 203b and reconstructed in the packet construction unit 205b. That is, for a transmitting packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing, the data block

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accumulation unit, the authentication processing unit and the packet construction unit for the processing thereof are self-determined depending upon which encryption processing unit performed the processing. In sum, encryption (or of data blocks, processing, accumulation decryption) authentication processing and reconstruction of a packet are performed by the processing units in the same packet processing module.

Fig. 11 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing apparatus 200. When the encryption and authentication processing control unit 201 receives a packet that requires the encryption processing, the authentication processing or both of them and the processing information thereof, it specifies the encryption processing unit 202a or 202b which is ready for processing when the packet requires the encryption processing, and outputs the packet (the divided data blocks) and the processing information thereof to the encryption processing unit 202a or On the other hand, when the packet requires the the encryption and processing only, authentication authentication processing control unit 201 specifies the authentication processing unit 204a or 204b which is ready for processing, and outputs the packet (the divided data blocks) and the processing information thereof to the authentication The following processing unit 204a or 204b (Step 211). encryption (or decryption) processing and authentication processing are performed according to the method as described in the first embodiment, that is, the procedure along with any of the four types of data paths depending upon a type of a packet (Step 212).

according to the security As described above, communication packet processing apparatus 200 of this

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embodiment, two or more encryption processing units and/or authentication processing units are provided, plural packets are allocated to the encryption processing units or the authentication processing units in an idle condition by the encryption and authentication processing control unit, and the encryption processing and authentication processing are performed to the plural packets in parallel. Therefore, a problem can be avoided that plural packets that require the encryption processing or the authentication processing are sequentially inputted to a single packet processing module of which packet is in a ready-for-processing state and a transmission delay is caused, and thereby the transmission speed of secret communication is improved.

Note that although, according to this embodiment, a structure in which a pair of combinations of an encryption processing unit, an authentication processing and a data block accumulation unit are arranged in parallel is explained, the present invention is not always limited to the above-mentioned structure, and a structure in which the encryption processing units and the authentication processing units are provided so that the sum of the processing performance of the encryption processing units is equal to that of the authentication processing units may be realized. In this case, the ratio of the units number of the encryption processing and authentication processing units is found by the number of the encryption processing units: the number of the authentication processing units = nT1 : T2, when a size of a data block for the encryption processing is B1, a size of a data block for the authentication processing is B2 (= nB1), the number of processing steps per one block of the encryption processing unit is T1, and the number of processing steps per one block of the authentication processing unit is T2. Note that B, n, T1

and T2 are all natural numbers.

Next, the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the third embodiment of the present invention will be explained.

Fig. 12 is a block diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 according to the third embodiment of the present invention. The security communication packet processing apparatus 300 in this embodiment is an example of the apparatus which is characterized by having plural encryption processing units, plural data block accumulation units and plural authentication processing units of which connection manner is not fixed and can be dynamically determined. It comprises one encryption and authentication processing control unit 301, one data path connection switching unit 302, two encryption processing units 303a, 303b, two data block accumulation units 304a, 304b, two authentication processing units 305a, 305b, and one packet construction unit 306.

Note that the encryption processing units 303a, 303b, units 304a, 304b, accumulation block the authentication processing units 305a, 305b, and the packet construction units 306 have the same functions as those of the encryption processing unit 102, the data block accumulation unit 103, the authentication processing unit 104 and the packet construction unit 105 according to the first embodiment. Further, ID numbers are allocated to the encryption processing units 303a, 303b, the authentication processing units 305a, 305b, and the data block accumulation units 304a, 304b respectively so as to identify them uniquely. The third embodiment, particularly the points different from the first embodiment, will be explained as follows.

The data path connection switching unit 302 is a selector

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circuit or the like that, according to the control of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301, can connect (or leave unconnected) the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the encryption processing unit 303a or 303b, the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the authentication processing unit 305a or 305b, the output of the encryption processing unit 303a and the input of the data block accumulation unit 304a or 304b, the output of the encryption processing unit 303b and the input of the data block accumulation unit 304a or 304b, the output of the data block accumulation unit 304a and the input of the authentication processing unit 305a or 305b, the output of the data block accumulation unit 304b and the input of the authentication processing unit 305a or 305b, respectively and independently.

The encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 has a function to control the data path connection switching unit 302 so that only the necessary ones among the components are connected dynamically in order to use six components 303a, 303b, 304a, 304b, 305a and 305b effectively as resources in addition to the functions of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 101 of the first embodiment.

Fig. 13 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing unit 300. The encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 receives a packet which should be processed and the processing information thereof from outside, judges a type of the packet, that is, the need of the encryption (or the decryption) processing and authentication processing respectively based on the contents of the processing

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information, and specifies the encryption processing unit 303a or 303b, the data block accumulation unit 304a or 304b, and the authentication processing unit 305a or 305b that can perform the necessary processing (or are ready for processing) (Step 311).

Then, the encryption and authentication processing unit 301 gives a connection command to the data path connection switching unit 302 so that each of the specified processing units is connected in the manner depending upon its packet type Here, the "connection command" may be (Step 312). something expressed by an ID number of each processing unit to be connected or like a control signal of a selector. When it is judged that the packet is a transmitting packet of the first type, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 gives the data path connection switching unit 302 a command of connecting the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the encryption processing unit 303b, a command of connecting the output of the encryption processing unit 303b and the input of the data block accumulation unit 304b, and a command of connecting the output of the data block accumulation unit 303b and the input of the authentication processing unit 305b.

On the other hand, when the connection is completed, the data path connection switching unit 302 outputs a READY signal indicating the completion of the connection to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 (Step 313).

When the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 receives the READY signal, it divides the packet to be processed into data blocks required for processing, and outputs them along with the processing information thereof to each processing unit 303a, 303b, 305a and 305b via the data

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path connection switching unit 302. Thereby, the necessary encryption (or decryption) processing and the necessary authentication processing and the reconstruction of the packet are performed according to the processing procedure as described in the first embodiment (Step 314).

Next, the detailed operations of the 4 types of packets as described in the first embodiment when they are inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 will be explained by each packet type.

First, the processing process when a The first type packet, that is, a transmitting packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 is explained. As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 receives a packet to be processed and the processing information thereof, judges based on the contents of the processing information that it is a transmitting packet that requires both encryption processing authentication processing, and judges which of the encryption units, the data block accumulation units and the authentication processing units are ready for processing according to the method as described in the second embodiment.

Here, when the encryption processing unit 303b, the data block accumulation unit 304b and the authentication processing unit 305b are ready for processing, for example, the encryption and authentication processing unit 301, as the second step, gives the data path connection switching unit 302 a command of connecting the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the encryption processing unit 303b, a command of connecting the output of the encryption processing unit 303b and the input of the data block accumulation unit 304b and a command of

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connecting the output of the data block accumulation unit 303b and the input of the authentication processing unit 305b.

On the other hand, as the third step, the data path connection switching unit 302 connects respective processing units according to the given connection command, and after completing the connection, it outputs a READY signal indicating the completion of connection to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301.

As the fourth step, when the encryption and authentication processing control 301 receives the READY signal from the data bath connection switching unit 302, it divides the packet to be processed into data blocks for the encryption processing, and outputs them along with the processing information thereof to the encryption processing unit 303b. The following processing is performed according to the processing method for a transmitting packet of the first type as described in the first embodiment.

Next, the processing process in the case that a packet of the second type, that is, a receiving packet that requires both decryption processing and authentication processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 is explained. As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 receives a packet to be processed and the processing information thereof, judges based on the contents of the processing information that it is a receiving packet that requires both decryption processing and authentication processing, and judges which of the decryption units and the authentication processing units are ready for processing.

Here, when the encryption processing unit 303b and the authentication processing unit 305b are ready for processing, for example, the encryption and authentication processing unit

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301, as the second step, gives the data path connection switching unit 302 a command of connecting the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the encryption processing unit 303b and a command of connecting the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the authentication processing unit 305b.

As the third step, the data path connection switching unit 302 connects the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the encryption processing unit 303b, and the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the authentication processing unit 305b according to the given connection command, and after completing the connection, it outputs a READY signal to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301.

As the fourth step, the encryption and authentication processing control 301 duplicates the packet in the same manner as that described in the first embodiment, divides one packet into data blocks for the encryption processing to output them to the encryption processing unit 303b, and divides the other packet into data blocks for the authentication processing to output them to the authentication processing unit 305b. The following processing is performed according to the processing method for a packet of the second type as described in the first embodiment.

Next, the processing process in the case that the third type packet, that is, a packet that requires both encryption processing and authentication processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 is explained. As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 receives a packet to be processed and the processing information thereof, judges based on the

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contents of the processing information that it is a packet that requires either encryption processing or decryption processing, and judges which encryption processing unit is ready for processing.

Here, when the encryption processing unit 303b is ready for processing, for example, the encryption and authentication processing unit 301, as the second step, gives the data path connection switching unit 302 a command of connecting the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the encryption processing unit 303b.

As the third step, the data path connection switching unit 302 connects the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the encryption processing unit 303b according to the given connection command, and after completing the connection, it outputs a READY signal to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301.

As the fourth step, the encryption and authentication processing control 301 divides the packet into data blocks for the encryption processing to output them to the encryption processing unit 303b. The following processing is performed according to the processing method for a packet of the third type as described in the first embodiment.

Finally, the processing process in the case that the fourth type packet, that is, a packet that requires the authentication processing is inputted to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 is explained. As the first step, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 receives a packet to be processed and the processing information thereof, judges based on the contents of the processing information that it is a packet that requires the authentication processing, and judges which authentication processing unit is ready for processing.

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Here, when the authentication processing unit 305b is ready for processing, for example, the encryption and authentication processing unit 301, as the second step, gives the data path connection switching unit 302 a command of connecting the output of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the input of the authentication processing unit 305b.

As the third step, the data path connection switching unit 302 connects the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301 and the authentication processing unit 305b according to the given connection command, and after completing the connection, it outputs a READY signal to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301.

As the fourth step, the encryption and authentication processing control 301 divides the packet into data blocks for the encryption processing to output them to the authentication processing unit 305b. The following processing is performed according to the processing method for a packet of the fourth type as described in the first embodiment.

described above, according to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 according to this embodiment, by providing the data path connection switching unit 302 for connecting respective processing units via various paths, flexible structure is realized so that an encryption processing unit can input data blocks to an arbitrary data block accumulation unit which is ready for processing and a data block accumulation unit can input data blocks to an arbitrary authentication processing unit which is ready for processing because a set of one encryption processing unit, one accumulation unit and one authentication data block processing unit are not always occupied fixedly. That is, since the encryption processing unit, the data block accumulation

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unit and the authentication processing unit can be combined flexibly, they can be effectively used. Further, such operations can be easily realized as providing plural encryption processing units and authentication processing units, or replacing the encryption processing unit mounting an encryption algorithm with the encryption processing unit mounting another encryption algorithm.

Next, the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention will be explained.

Fig. 14 is a block diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus 400 according to the fourth embodiment of the present invention. The security communication packet processing apparatus 400 according to the fourth embodiment comprises a structure in which six saving areas (or processing data saving units) which are respectively connected to two encryption processing units, two data block accumulation units and two authentication units are added to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 according to the third embodiment. In other security communication packet processing the apparatus 400 comprises one encryption and authentication processing control unit 401, one data path connection switching unit 402, two encryption processing units 403a and 403b, two data block accumulation units 404a and 404b, two authentication processing units 405a and 405b, six processing data saving units 406a, 406b, 406c, 406d, 406e and 406f, and one packet construction unit 407. The fourth embodiment, particularly the points different from the third embodiment, will be explained as follows.

Six processing data saving units 406a, 406b, 406c, 406d, 406e and 406f are memories or the like having storage areas

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just for temporarily saving all data that are being processed in the corresponding encryption processing units 403a, 403b, the data block accumulation units 404a, 404b, and the authentication processing units 405a, 405b, respectively.

Note that, although, according to the fourth embodiment, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 receives four types of the packets and the processing information thereof as described in the first embodiment, the processing information is supposed to include the information on the priority of processing the packets. "The information on the priority" is expressed by figures, for example. These figures are allocated corresponding to the information of Type of Service (ToS) bits included in an IP header, for example.

The encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 performs processing for allocating resources (that is, the encryption processing unit, the data block accumulation unit and the authentication processing unit) depending upon the priority of the inputted packet, in addition to the functions of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301. More specifically, when all the resources required for the encryption (or the decryption) processing authentication processing are being occupied when the packet is inputted, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 specifies the resource which is processing the packet with the lowest priority among them and saves the processing data thereof in the processing data saving unit so as to release the resource. In other words, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 performs control so that the packet with higher priority is processed earlier.

Fig. 15 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing apparatus 400.

The encryption and authentication processing control

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unit 401 receives a packet to be processed and the processing information thereof, and then judges based on the processing information whether the processing unit required for the processing of the packet is ready for processing or not (Step 411). As a result, when the required processing unit is ready for processing ("Yes" in Step 411), the encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 outputs the data blocks and the processing information thereof to the processing unit and makes it proceed with the processing (Step 412) according to the processing process of the third embodiment (Steps 311~314 in Fig. 13) in the following.

On the other hand, when all the processing units required for the processing of the packet are being occupied ("No" in Step 411), the encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 gives the processing unit which is processing the packet with the lowest priority a command of saving the data in the middle of processing in the processing data saving unit connected to the processing unit (Step 413). When the processing unit receives the saving command, it saves the data in the middle of processing and the processing information thereof in the processing data saving unit, and after completing the saving, it outputs a READY signal to the encryption an authentication processing control unit 401 (Step 414).

When the encryption and authentication processing control unit 401 receives the READY signal, it outputs data blocks and the processing information thereof to the processing unit, and makes it proceed with the processing (Step 415) according to the processing process of the third embodiment (Steps 311~314 in Fig. 13) in the following. After all the processing for the packet which was processed by priority is completed, the processing unit reads out the data in the middle of processing from the processing data saving unit and restarts

the processing for the packet (Step 416).

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As described above, according to the security communication packet processing apparatus 400 of the fourth embodiment, the processing data saving units 406a, 406b, 406c, 406d, 406e and 406f are provided in addition to the structure of the third embodiment. Therefore, control of processing packets by priority becomes possible in addition to the effects as described in the third embodiment.

Note that although the processing data saving units are provided respectively for all the encryption processing units, the data block accumulation units and the authentication processing units, the present invention is not always limited to the above structure. The processing data saving units may be provided for all the encryption processing units only, for example, that is, the processing data saving units may be provided respectively for arbitrary processing units. Also, this embodiment can be applied to the security communication packet processing apparatus 200 according to the second embodiment. The processing in this case can be realized in the same manner as the above.

Further, according to this embodiment, when all the required processing units are being occupied when a packet is inputted to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 301, the processing unit which is processing the packet with the lowest priority among the packets in the middle of processing is released compulsorily regardless of the priority of the inputted packet, but the correlation with the priority of the inputted packet may be added as a condition of releasing. That is, the processing unit which is processing the packet with the lower priority than that of the inputted packet and the lowest priority among the packets in the middle of processing may be released compulsorily, for example.

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Further, as a parameter for determining the processing unit which is to be released compulsorily, not only priority of a packet but also a packet size, number of steps required for processing, number of remaining steps until the processing of the packets in the middle of the processing is completed and so on may be used.

Next, the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention will be explained.

Fig. 16 is a diagram showing a structure of the security communication packet processing apparatus 500 according to the fifth embodiment of the present invention. The security communication packet processing apparatus 500 according to the fifth embodiment comprises a structure in which a data saving area (a processing data saving unit) common to two encryption processing units, two data block accumulation units and two authentication processing units is added to the security communication packet processing apparatus 200 according to In other words, the security the second embodiment. communication packet processing apparatus 500 comprises the packet processing module including an encryption processing data block accumulation unit 503a, 502a, a authentication processing unit 504a and a packet construction 506a, the packet processing module including encryption processing unit 502b, a data block accumulation unit 503b, an authentication processing unit 504b and a packet construction unit 506b, an encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 and a processing data saving unit 505.

The processing data saving unit 505 is a memory or the like that is connected to the encryption processing units 502a and 502b, the data block accumulation units 503a and 503b,

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and the authentication processing units 504a and 504b, and has a memory area just for temporarily saving all the data in the middle of processing in these processing units.

Note that although, according to the fifth embodiment, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 receives four types of packets as described in the first embodiment and the processing information thereof in the same manner as the fourth embodiment, the processing information is supposed to include the information on the priority of processing the packets.

The encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 performs processing for allocating resources (packet processing modules) depending upon the priority of the inputted packet, in addition to the functions of the encryption and authentication processing control unit 201 according to the second embodiment. More specifically, when all the resources required for the encryption (or the decryption) processing and the authentication processing are being occupied when the inputted, the encryption and authentication packet is processing control unit 501 specifies the resource which is processing the packet with the lowest priority among them and saves the data in the middle of processing in the processing data saving unit 505 so as to release the resource. In other words, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 performs control so that the packet of the higher priority is processed earlier.

Fig. 17 is a flowchart showing an operation procedure of the security communication packet processing apparatus 500. First, the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 receives a packet to be processed and the processing information thereof, and then judges based on the processing information whether the processing unit required for the

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processing of the packet is ready for processing or not (Step 511). As a result, when the required processing unit is ready for processing ("Yes" in Step 511), the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 outputs data blocks and the processing information thereof to the processing unit and makes it proceed with the processing (Step 512) according to the processing process of the second embodiment (Steps 211~212 in Fig. 11) in the following.

On the other hand, when all the processing units required for the processing of the packet are being occupied ("No" in Step 511), the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 gives the processing unit which is processing the packet with the lowest priority a command of saving the data in the middle of processing along with an address of a saving destination in the processing data saving unit 505 (Step 513). When the processing unit receives the command of saving, it saves the data in the middle of processing and the processing information thereof in the specified address of the processing data saving unit 505, and after completing the saving, it outputs a READY signal to the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 (Step 514).

When the encryption and authentication processing control unit 501 receives the READY signal, it outputs data blocks and the processing information thereof to the processing unit, and makes it proceed with the processing (Step 515) according to the processing process of the second embodiment (Steps 211~212 in Fig. 11) in the following. After all the processing for the packet which was processed by priority is units reach or other processing completed ready-for-processing state, the processing unit reads out the saved data in the middle of processing from the processing data saving unit 505 and restarts the processing for the packet (Step 516).

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above, according the security described to As communication packet processing apparatus 500 of the fifth embodiment, the processing data saving unit 505 shared by the encryption processing units 502a and 502b, the data block accumulation units 503a and 503b and the authentication processing units 504a and 504b is provided in addition to the structure of the second embodiment. Therefore, in addition to the effects as described in the second embodiment, not only control of processing packets by priority becomes possible, but also more effective use of the processing data saving unit becomes possible than the fourth embodiment in which the processing data saving unit is provided dedicated to each processing unit.

Note that although, according to the fifth embodiment, the processing data saving unit is provided common to all the encryption processing units, the data block accumulation units and the authentication processing units, the present invention is not always limited to the above structure. The processing data saving unit may be provided for all the encryption processing units only, for example, that is, the processing data saving unit may be provided common to an arbitrary combination of the processing units.

Also, the technique for sharing the data saving area according to the fifth embodiment can be applied to the security communication packet processing apparatus 300 according to the third embodiment. More specifically, like the security communication packet processing apparatus 600 as shown in Fig. 18, a data saving area (a processing data saving unit 606) shared by encryption processing units 602a and 602b, data block accumulation units 603a and 603b and authentication processing units 604a and 604b may be added.

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In this case, an encryption and authentication processing control unit 601 gives a data bath connection switching unit 602 a command of connecting the processing unit as a destination of saving the data in the middle of processing and the processing data saving unit 606 so as to make it possible to save the data.

As shown in the above-mentioned five embodiments of the present invention, since a processing unit for performing both encryption processing and authentication processing is a data block size necessary and sufficient for the processing according to the present invention, speeding up and reducing delay of the encryption processing and the authentication processing can be realized, compared with the prior art in which a processing unit is a packet.

when both encryption processing and Also, authentication processing are performed according to the present invention, the data blocks after the encryption processing are accumulated until they reach the size of the data sufficient for the authentication necessary and processing, and the authentication processing is performed when they becomes equal to that of the data blocks for the authentication processing. Therefore, the present invention can contribute to saving of memory resources for buffering the data blocks after the encryption processing.

Also, since two or more encryption processing units and/or authentication processing units are provided according to the present invention, simultaneous processing of plural packets becomes possible and the throughput of the security processing of the packets can be improved.

Further, according to the present invention, the encryption processing unit, the data block accumulation unit and the authentication processing unit need not always be

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corresponded fixedly even when there are plural encryption processing units and/or the authentication processing units, by providing the data path connection switching unit. That is, since the data blocks requiring the authentication processing after the encryption processing can be outputted to an arbitrary data block accumulation unit, and the output of the data block be outputted to an unit can accumulation authentication processing unit, there are effects that more effective use of the encryption processing unit, the data block accumulation unit and the authentication processing unit becomes possible and the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit can be easily replaced and the number of them can be easily increased.

Further, the packet processing is not always performed in the order of inputting to the security communication packet processing apparatus by providing the processing data saving unit, and the processing order can be manipulated according to the packet priority and others.

Still further, according to the present invention, since an encryption processing unit or authentication processing unit that shares the processing data saving unit and is ready for processing can process the data block to be processed when there is any in the processing data saving unit, by sharing the processing data saving unit in an arbitrary processing units, the combination of the encryption block and the data authentication processing units accumulation units, more effective use of the encryption processing unit and the authentication processing unit becomes possible.

Although the security communication packet processing unit according to the present invention was explained based on the five embodiments, the present invention is not limited to

these embodiments.

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That is, other embodiments of various manners can be realized by combining features of these five embodiments. For example, the security communication packet processing apparatus in which the processing data saving units are connected dedicatedly to the respective processing units 202a, 202b, 203a, 203b, 204a and 204b of the security communication packet processing apparatus 200 as shown in Fig. 10 can be realized by applying the feature of the fourth embodiment (that is, providing the processing data saving unit for each processing unit) to the second embodiment.

Further, the security communication packet processing apparatus according to the second through fifth embodiments as well as the first embodiment can, of course, be incorporated in a communication device such as a security gateway and a computer device.

## INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The security communication packet processing apparatus according to the present invention is applicable to a communication relay station that connects various communication networks, a security gateway that functions as a router and a firewall, and a communication device that securely connects a WAN that is a public network such as Internet and a LAN that is a non-public network that connects plural computers for in-house use.